Latinos in Indiana: Growth, Distribution, and Implications

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ABSTRACT
The demographic characteristics of Indiana’s Latino (Hispanic) population have not been documented in a number of years. In addition, the two most recent and thorough analyses of Hispanics in the state were based on the 1990 Census (Aponte 1999, Gannon, et. al., 1996). Since then, this population has undergone dramatic growth and shifts in residential patterning, owing largely to rapid in-migration. This is evident not only from the partial release of Census 2000 data, but also from numerous reports from around the state that bear witness to these changes. In addition, there are solid indications that the lion’s share of the growth occurred in the second half of the 1990’s.

ABOUT THE AUTHOR
Robert Aponte received his Ph.D. in sociology at the University of Chicago and has taught at Indiana University and at Michigan State University. He earlier directed a major research project on poverty and employment among the urban disadvantaged at the University of Chicago. Aponte’s research interests include poverty, immigration, race and ethnicity, Latinos in the United States, and Contemporary Cuba. Among his recent works are “Informal Work in the U.S.” (1997), “Towards the 21st Century: Latinos in the U.S. at Century’s End and Beyond” (1999), and “Ethnic Variation in the Family” (1999). He also co-authored “Latinos in the Heartland: The Browning of the Midwest” (1994), a widely publicized JSRI Research Report on the Midwestern Hispanics.